

mpatrol reference card

The mpatrol library can read certain options at run-time from an environment variable called MPATROL_OPTIONS. This variable must contain one or more valid option keywords from the list below and must be no longer than 1024 characters in length. If MPATROL_OPTIONS is unset or empty then the default settings will be used.

The LOGDIR, PROFDIR and TRACEDIR environment variables are also read in order to determine where the log file, profiling output file and tracing output file should go. Note that if they are set then the default filenames for the log file, profiling output file and tracing output file will also be changed.

Library behaviour

HELP Displays a quick-reference option summary.

PROGFILE=<string> Specifies an alternative filename with which to locate the executable file containing the program's symbols.

CHECK=<unsigned range> Specifies a range of allocation indices at which to check the integrity of free memory and overflow buffers.

EDIT Specifies that a text editor should be invoked to edit any relevant source files that are associated with any warnings or errors when they occur.

LIST Specifies that a context listing should be shown for any relevant source files that are associated with any warnings or errors when they occur.

DEFALIGN=<unsigned integer> Specifies the default alignment for general-purpose memory allocations, which must be a power of two.

NOPROTECT Specifies that the mpatrol library's internal data structures should not be made read-only after every memory allocation, reallocation or deallocation.

SAFESIGNALS Instructs the library to save and replace certain signal handlers during the execution of library code and to restore them afterwards.

USEMMAP Specifies that the library should use `mmap()` instead of `sbrk()` to allocate user memory on UNIX platforms.

Logging and tracing

LOGFILE=<string> Specifies an alternative file in which to place all diagnostics from the mpatrol library.

LOGALLOCS Specifies that all memory allocations are to be logged and sent to the log file.

LOGREALLOCS Specifies that all memory reallocations are to be logged and sent to the log file.

LOGFREES Specifies that all memory deallocations are to be logged and sent to the log file.

LOGMEMORY Specifies that all memory operations are to be logged and sent to the log file.

LOGALL Equivalent to the **LOGALLOCS**, **LOGREALLOCS**, **LOGFREES** and **LOGMEMORY** options specified together.

TRACE Specifies that all memory allocations are to be traced and sent to the tracing output file.

TRACEFILE=<string> Specifies an alternative file in which to place all memory allocation tracing information from the mpatrol library.

SHOWFREE Specifies that a summary of all of the free memory blocks should be displayed at the end of program execution.

SHOWFREED Specifies that a summary of all of the freed memory allocations should be displayed at the end of program execution.

SHOWUNFREED Specifies that a summary of all of the unfreed memory allocations should be displayed at the end of program execution.

SHOWMAP Specifies that a memory map of the entire heap should be displayed at the end of program execution.

SHOWSYMBOLS Specifies that a summary of all of the function symbols read from the program's executable file should be displayed at the end of program execution.

SHOWALL Equivalent to the **SHOWFREE**, **SHOWFREED**, **SHOWUNFREED**, **SHOWMAP** and **SHOWSYMBOLS** options specified together.

USEDEBUG Specifies that any debugging information in the executable file should be used to obtain additional source-level information.

General errors

CHECKALLOCS Checks that no attempt is made to allocate a block of memory of size zero.

CHECKREALLOCS Checks that no attempt is made to reallocate a NULL pointer or resize an existing block of memory to size zero.

CHECKFREES Checks that no attempt is made to deallocate a NULL pointer.

CHECKMEMORY Checks that no attempt is made to perform a zero-length memory operation on a NULL pointer.

CHECKALL Equivalent to the **CHECKALLOCS**, **CHECKREALLOCS**, **CHECKFREES** and **CHECKMEMORY** options specified together.

ALLOCBYTE=<unsigned integer> Specifies an 8-bit byte pattern with which to prefill newly-allocated memory.

FREEBYTE=<unsigned integer> Specifies an 8-bit byte pattern with which to prefill newly-freed memory.

NOFREE=<unsigned integer> Specifies that a number of recently-freed memory allocations should be prevented from being returned to the free memory pool.

PRESERVE Specifies that any reallocated or freed memory allocations should preserve their original contents.

Overwrites and underwrites

OFLOWSIZE=<unsigned integer> Specifies the size in bytes to use for all overflow buffers, which must be a power of two.

OFLOWBYTE=<unsigned integer> Specifies an 8-bit byte pattern with which to fill the overflow buffers of all memory allocations.

OFLOWWATCH Specifies that watch point areas should be used for overflow buffers rather than filling with the overflow byte.

PAGEALLOC=<LOWER|UPPER> Specifies that each individual memory allocation should occupy at least one page of virtual memory and should be placed at the lowest or highest point within these pages.

ALLOWFLOW Specifies that a warning rather than an error should be produced if any memory operation function overflows the boundaries of a memory allocation, and that the operation should still be performed.

Using with a debugger

ALLOCSTOP=<unsigned integer> Specifies an allocation index at which to stop the program when it is being allocated.

REALLOCSTOP=<unsigned integer> Specifies an allocation index at which to stop the program when a memory allocation is being reallocated.

FREESTOP=<unsigned integer> Specifies an allocation index at which to stop the program when it is being freed.

Testing

LIMIT=<unsigned integer> Specifies the limit in bytes at which all memory allocations should fail if the total allocated memory should increase beyond this.

FAILFREQ=<unsigned integer> Specifies the frequency at which all memory allocations will randomly fail.

FAILSEED=<unsigned integer> Specifies the random number seed which will be used when determining which memory allocations will randomly fail.

UNFREEDABORT=<unsigned integer> Specifies the minimum number of unfreed allocations at which to abort the program just before program termination.

Profiling

PROF Specifies that all memory allocations are to be profiled and sent to the profiling output file.

PROFFILE=<string> Specifies an alternative file in which to place all memory allocation profiling information from the mpatrol library.

AUTOSAVE=<unsigned integer> Specifies the frequency at which to periodically write the profiling data to the profiling output file.

SMALLBOUND=<unsigned integer> Specifies the limit in bytes up to which memory allocations should be classified as small allocations for profiling purposes.

MEDIUMBOUND=<unsigned integer> Specifies the limit in bytes up to which memory allocations should be classified as medium allocations for profiling purposes.

LARGEBOUND=<unsigned integer> Specifies the limit in bytes up to which memory allocations should be classified as large allocations for profiling purposes.

All of the function definitions in `mpatrol.h` can be disabled by defining the `NDEBUG` preprocessor macro, which is the same macro used to control the behaviour of the `assert()` function. If `NDEBUG` is defined then no macro redefinition of functions will take place and all special mpatrol library functions will evaluate to empty statements. The `mpalloc.h` header file will also be included in this case. It is intended that the `NDEBUG` preprocessor macro be defined in release builds.

The `MP_MALLOC()` family of functions that are defined in `mpalloc.h` are also defined in `mpatrol.h` when `NDEBUG` is not defined. The mpatrol versions of these functions contain more debugging information than the mpalloc versions do, but they do not call the allocation failure handler when no more memory is available (they cause the `OUTMEM` error message to be given instead).

There may be problems during preprocessing when the preprocessor macros defining the replacement C++ operators in `mpatrol.h` are used. If this is the case then either the `MP_NOPLUSPLUS` preprocessor macro can be defined to disable all C++ support, or the `MP_NONEWDELETE` preprocessor macro can be defined to prevent the debugging versions of `operator new` and `operator delete` from being used by default. The preprocessor macros `MP_NEW`, `MP_NEW_NOTHROW` and `MP_DELETE` will then have to be used instead.

C dynamic memory allocation functions

<code>malloc()</code>	Allocates memory.
<code>calloc()</code>	Allocates zero-filled memory.
<code>memalign()</code>	Allocates memory with a specified alignment.
<code>valloc()</code>	Allocates page-aligned memory.
<code>pvalloc()</code>	Allocates a number of pages.
<code>alloca()</code>	Allocates temporary memory.

<code>strdup()</code>	Duplicates a string.
<code>strndup()</code>	Duplicates a string with a maximum length.
<code>strsave()</code>	Duplicates a string.
<code>strnsave()</code>	Duplicates a string with a maximum length.
<code>strdupa()</code>	Duplicates a string.
<code>strndupa()</code>	Duplicates a string with a maximum length.
<code>realloc()</code>	Resizes memory.
<code>reallocf()</code>	Resizes memory and frees on failure.
<code>realloc()</code>	Resizes memory allocated by <code>calloc()</code> .
<code>expand()</code>	Resizes memory but does not relocate it.
<code>free()</code>	Frees memory.
<code>cfree()</code>	Frees memory allocated by <code>calloc()</code> .
<code>dealloca()</code>	Explicitly frees temporary memory.

C dynamic memory extension functions

<code>xmalloc()</code>	Allocates memory without failure.
<code>xcalloc()</code>	Allocates zero-filled memory without failure.
<code>xstrdup()</code>	Duplicates a string without failure.
<code>xrealloc()</code>	Resizes memory without failure.
<code>xfree()</code>	Frees memory.

C dynamic memory alternative functions

<code>MP_MALLOC()</code>	Allocates memory without failure.
<code>MP_CALLOC()</code>	Allocates zero-filled memory without failure.
<code>MP_STRDUP()</code>	Duplicates a string without failure.
<code>MP_REALLOC()</code>	Resizes memory without failure.
<code>MP_FREE()</code>	Frees memory.
<code>MP_FAILURE()</code>	Sets the allocation failure handler.

C++ dynamic memory allocation functions

<code>operator new</code>	Allocates memory.
<code>operator new[]</code>	Allocates memory for an array.
<code>operator delete</code>	Frees memory.
<code>operator delete[]</code>	Frees memory allocated by <code>new[]</code> .
<code>set_new_handler()</code>	Sets up an allocation failure handler.

C memory operation functions

<code>memset()</code>	Fills memory with a specific byte.
<code>bzero()</code>	Fills memory with the zero byte.

<code>memcpy()</code>	Copies memory up to a specific byte.
<code>memmove()</code>	Copies non-overlapping memory.
<code>bcopy()</code>	Copies possibly-overlapping memory.
<code>memcmp()</code>	Compares two blocks of memory.
<code>bcmp()</code>	Compares two blocks of memory.
<code>memchr()</code>	Searches memory for a specific byte.
<code>memmem()</code>	Searches memory for specific bytes.

mpatrol library functions

<code>__mp_setoption()</code>	Sets an mpatrol library option.
<code>__mp_getoption()</code>	Returns an mpatrol library option.
<code>__mp_function()</code>	Returns an allocation type function name.
<code>__mp_setuser()</code>	Sets the user data for an allocation.
<code>__mp_info()</code>	Returns information for an allocation.
<code>__mp_syminfo()</code>	Returns symbol information for an address.
<code>__mp_printinfo()</code>	Displays information for an allocation.
<code>__mp_snapshot()</code>	Returns the current heap event number.
<code>__mp_iterate()</code>	Iterates over allocations in the heap.
<code>__mp_memorymap()</code>	Displays a map of memory in the heap.
<code>__mp_summary()</code>	Displays a summary of library statistics.
<code>__mp_stats()</code>	Returns statistics about the heap.
<code>__mp_check()</code>	Validates memory in the heap.
<code>__mp_prologue()</code>	Sets up an allocation prologue handler.
<code>__mp_epilogue()</code>	Sets up an allocation epilogue handler.
<code>__mp_nomemory()</code>	Sets up an allocation failure handler.
<code>__mp_printf()</code>	Writes user data to the log file.
<code>__mp_vprintf()</code>	Writes user data to the log file.
<code>__mp_logmemory()</code>	Displays a hex dump of memory.
<code>__mp_logstack()</code>	Displays the current call stack.
<code>__mp_logaddr()</code>	Displays information for an allocation.
<code>__mp_edit()</code>	Invokes a text editor on a source file.
<code>__mp_list()</code>	Lists a source file at a specific line.
<code>__mp_view()</code>	Edits or lists a source file.

The following table lists the warnings and errors that are likely to appear in the mpatrol log file when problems with dynamic memory allocations and memory operations occur. Other types of warnings and errors may also appear in the log file, but they are likely to be associated with parsing options and reading symbols from executable files and so should be self-explanatory.

Error abbreviation codes

ALLOVF	Allocation has a corrupted overflow buffer.
ALLZER	Attempt to create an allocation of size 0.
BADALN	Alignment is not a power of two.
FRDCOR	Freed allocation has memory corruption.
FRDOPN	Attempt to perform operation on freed memory.
FRDOVF	Freed allocation has a corrupted overflow buffer.
FRECOR	Free memory corruption.
FRENUL	Attempt to free a NULL pointer.
FREOPN	Attempt to perform operation on free memory.
ILLMEM	Illegal memory access.
INCOMP	Attempt to resize or free memory allocated with an incompatible function.
MAXALN	Alignment is greater than the system page size.
MISMAT	Attempt to resize or free memory not pointing to the start of a memory allocation.
NOTALL	Pointer has not been allocated.
NULOPN	Attempt to perform operation on a NULL pointer.
OUTMEM	Out of memory.
PRVFRD	Attempt to resize of free memory that has previously been freed.
RNGOVF	Attempt to perform a memory operation that overflows a memory allocation.
RNGOVL	Attempt to perform a non-overlapping memory operation that overlaps.
RSZNUL	Attempt to resize a NULL pointer.
RSZZER	Attempt to resize an allocation to size 0.
STROVF	Attempt to perform a string operation that overflows a memory allocation.
ZERALN	Alignment 0 is invalid.

The commands that are distributed with the mpatrol library all parse their command line options in a similar way to the UNIX `getopt()` function. Only the long names of the options are shown here. If an option has a single character equivalent it will be listed in the `—help` output. Options that accept numeric arguments can have their value specified in binary, octal, decimal or hexadecimal notation.

mpatrol command options

<code>—alloc-byte <unsigned integer></code>	See ALLOCBYTE.
<code>—alloc-stop <unsigned integer></code>	See ALLOCSTOP.
<code>—allow-overflow</code>	See ALLOWOFLOW.
<code>—auto-save <unsigned integer></code>	See AUTOSAVE.

<code>—check <unsigned range></code>	See CHECK.
<code>—check-all</code>	See CHECKALL.
<code>—check-allocs</code>	See CHECKALLOCS.
<code>—check-frees</code>	See CHECKFREES.
<code>—check-memory</code>	See CHECKMEMORY.
<code>—check-reallocs</code>	See CHECKREALLOCS.
<code>—def-align <unsigned integer></code>	See DEFALIGN.
<code>—dynamic</code>	Specifies that programs which were not linked with the mpatrol library should also be traced, but only if they were dynamically linked.
<code>—edit</code>	See EDIT.
<code>—fail-freq <unsigned integer></code>	See FAILFREQ.
<code>—fail-seed <unsigned integer></code>	See FAILSEED.
<code>—free-byte <unsigned integer></code>	See FREEBYTE.
<code>—free-stop <unsigned integer></code>	See FREESTOP.
<code>—help</code>	Displays a quick-reference option summary.
<code>—large-bound <unsigned integer></code>	See LARGEBOUND.
<code>—limit <unsigned integer></code>	See LIMIT.
<code>—list</code>	See LIST.
<code>—log-all</code>	See LOGALL.
<code>—log-allocs</code>	See LOGALLOCS.
<code>—log-file <string></code>	See LOGFILE.
<code>—log-frees</code>	See LOGFREES.
<code>—log-memory</code>	See LOGMEMORY.
<code>—log-reallocs</code>	See LOGREALLOCS.
<code>—medium-bound <unsigned integer></code>	See MEDIUMBOUND.
<code>—no-free <unsigned integer></code>	See NOFREE.
<code>—no-protect</code>	See NOPROTECT.
<code>—overflow-byte <unsigned integer></code>	See OFLOWBYTE.
<code>—overflow-size <unsigned integer></code>	See OFLOWSIZE.
<code>—overflow-watch</code>	See OFLOWWATCH.
<code>—page-alloc-lower</code>	See PAGEALLOC=LOWER.
<code>—page-alloc-upper</code>	See PAGEALLOC=UPPER.
<code>—preserve</code>	See PRESERVE.
<code>—prof</code>	See PROF.
<code>—prof-file <string></code>	See PROFFILE.
<code>—prog-file <string></code>	See PROGFILE.
<code>—realloc-stop <unsigned integer></code>	See REALLOCSTOP.
<code>—safe-signals</code>	See SAFESIGNALS.
<code>—show-all</code>	See SHOWALL.

<code>—show-env</code>	Displays the contents of the MPATROL_OPTIONS environment variable.
<code>—show-free</code>	See SHOWFREE.
<code>—show-freed</code>	See SHOWFREED.
<code>—show-map</code>	See SHOWMAP.
<code>—show-symbols</code>	See SHOWSYMBOLS.
<code>—show-unfreed</code>	See SHOWUNFREED.
<code>—small-bound <unsigned integer></code>	See SMALLBOUND.
<code>—threads</code>	Specifies that the program to be run is multi-threaded if the <code>—dynamic</code> option is used.
<code>—trace</code>	See TRACE.
<code>—trace-file <string></code>	See TRACEFILE.
<code>—unfreed-abort <unsigned integer></code>	See UNFREEDABORT.
<code>—use-debug</code>	See USEDEBUG.
<code>—use-mmap</code>	See USEMMAP.
<code>—version</code>	Displays the version number of the mpatrol command.

mprof command options

<code>—addresses</code>	Specifies that different call sites from within the same function are to be differentiated and that the names of all functions should be displayed with their call site offset in bytes.
<code>—counts</code>	Specifies that certain tables should be sorted by the number of allocations or deallocations rather than the total number of bytes allocated or deallocated.
<code>—graph-file <file></code>	Specifies that the allocation call graph should also be written to a graph specification file for later visualisation with <code>dot</code> .
<code>—help</code>	Displays a quick-reference option summary.
<code>—leaks</code>	Specifies that memory leaks rather than memory allocations are to be written to the graph specification file.
<code>—stack-depth <depth></code>	Specifies the maximum stack depth to use when calculating if one call site has the same call stack as another call site. This also specifies the maximum number of functions to display in a call stack.
<code>—version</code>	Displays the version number of the mprof command.

mptrace command options

The `mptrace` command can be built with GUI support on certain platforms. Any of the following options that are marked as being specific to the GUI version of `mptrace` will be read by the X command line parser rather than directly by `mptrace`. As a result they are parsed according to X toolkit rules and do not appear in the quick-reference option summary produced by the `—help` option. The application class for setting `mptrace` X resources is called `MPTrace`.

- alloc** *<colour>* Specifies the colour to use for displaying allocated memory (GUI only).
- base** *<address>* Specifies the base address of the visible address space displayed in the memory map (GUI only).
- delay** *<length>* Specifies that a small delay of a certain length should be added after drawing each memory allocation event (GUI only).
- free** *<colour>* Specifies the colour to use for displaying free memory (GUI only).
- height** *<size>* Specifies the height (in pixels) of the drawing area (GUI only).
- help** Displays a quick-reference option summary.
- internal** *<colour>* Specifies the colour to use for displaying internal heap memory (GUI only).
- space** *<size>* Specifies the size (in megabytes) of the visible address space displayed in the memory map (GUI only).
- unalloc** *<colour>* Specifies the colour to use for displaying unallocated heap memory (GUI only).
- view-height** *<size>* Specifies the height (in pixels) of the window (GUI only).
- view-width** *<size>* Specifies the width (in pixels) of the window (GUI only).
- width** *<size>* Specifies the width (in pixels) of the drawing area (GUI only).

- version** Displays the version number of the **mptrace** command.

mleak command options

- help** Displays a quick-reference option summary.
- ignore** Specifies that the list of unfreed allocations in the log file should be ignored.
- version** Displays the version number of the **mleak** command.

mpsym command options

- help** Displays a quick-reference option summary.
- version** Displays the version number of the **mpsym** command.

mpedit command options

The **mpedit** command recognises the **EDITOR** environment variable which can be used to specify the text editor that it should use to edit source files. It also recognises the **MPATROL.SOURCEPATH** environment variable which can be used to specify a colon-separated list of directories that should be used to help search for source files.

- editor** *<filename>* Specifies the text editor to use.

- help** Displays a quick-reference option summary.
- listing** Displays a context listing of the source line instead of invoking the text editor.
- source-dir** *<directory>* Adds a directory to the search path used to locate the source file.
- version** Displays the version number of the **mpedit** command.

hexwords command options

- help** Displays a quick-reference option summary.
- match** *<exact/lower/upper/any>* Sets the type of case-sensitivity to use.
- maximum** *<count>* Sets the maximum number of letters to match.
- minimum** *<count>* Sets the minimum number of letters to match.
- version** Displays the version number of the **hexwords** command.

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